

## GLENN A. GRANT, J.A.D.

Acting Administrative Director of the Courts

Richard J. Hughes Justice Complex • P.O. Box 037 • Trenton, NJ 08625-0037

njcourts.gov • Tel: 609-376-3000 • Fax: 609-376-3002

## **DIRECTIVE #19-21**

[Questions or comments may be directed to the Family Practice Division at 609-815-2900. ext. 55350.]

TO:

**Assignment Judges** 

Family Presiding Judges Trial Court Administrators Family Division Managers

FROM:

Glenn A. Grant, J.A.D.

RE:

Family - Juvenile - Standard Juvenile Intake Screening Form

DATE:

August 11, 2021

This promulgates for immediate statewide use a standard Juvenile Intake Screening Form (CN 12833), as approved by Judicial Council. The purpose of the form is to assist the court in determining (based on the severity of the charges) whether a juvenile delinquency case should be addressed either by a judge or by a court diversion program. To ensure consistency in that screening, the attached form sets forth the statutory factors that are to be applied when screening a case under N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-71.

More serious matters proceed to a judge for review with legal counsel representing the youth. Less serious matters, in contrast, are referred to court diversion programs, which have the youth and their parent(s)/guardian(s) (1) meet with a group of judiciary volunteers (Juvenile Conference Committee - JCC) or a court staff person (Intake Service Conference)(ISC); (2) referred to a county Family Crisis Intervention Unit (FCIU) for services; or (3) appear before a juvenile referee.

In these court diversion programs, the delinquency charges are addressed without requiring legal counsel for the youth. For matters addressed by JCC or by ISC, the youth and parent(s)/guardian(s) enter into an agreement to resolve the charges, which if approved by the judge, results in the case being dismissed once the diversion is completed successfully. For matters diverted to FCIU, the court enters an order referring the case to FCIU, and the case is dismissed. For matters diverted to a juvenile referee, the referee conducts an adjudicatory hearing and makes a recommendation to the judge for approval. The juvenile referee may find that the youth committed an act of delinquency and recommend a disposition or find the youth did not commit an act of delinquency and recommend dismissal.









Please share this directive and the attached form with your judges and staff.

Attachment: CN 12833 - Standard Juvenile Intake Screening Form

cc: Chief Justice Stuart Rabner

Acting Attorney General Andrew Bruck Public Defender Joseph E. Krakora

Lyndsay Ruotolo, Director, Div. of Criminal Justice

**County Prosecutors** 

Steven D. Bonville, Judiciary Chief of Staff

**AOC Directors and Assistant Directors** 

Clerks of Court

Special Assistants to the Administrative Director

Amelia Wachter-Smith, Chief, Family Practice

Michele Walsh, Assistant Chief, Family Practice

**Assistant Family Division Managers** 

Emily Mari, Esq., Staff Attorney, Family Practice Division

New Jersey Courts	
munisteres, 546	
Independence • Integrity Fairness • Quality Service	

## New Jersey Judiciary

Independence Integrity Fairness* Ouality Service	Juv	veni	le Inta	ake Screen	ning For	rm		
In the Matter of	<del> </del>			A CONTRACT OF THE REAL PROPERTY.	Forcers & S		Docket Numbe	er
Juvenile Name			Party ID		Gende	er	Race	
County	Residence			Birth Date		Date	Age at Time of Offense	
Municipality/Arresting A	gency						Incident Date	
Offense(s)								
Co-Delinquents/Adult Co	o-Defendants (if any)							
Screening								
Factors considered (N.J.S.A. 2A:4A-71)			Fa	mily Court Con	Prosecutor Comments			
Seriousness of alleged of	fense	1325		154	1,000			
Age and maturity of the j	uvenile							
Risk that juvenile present	ts a substantial danger to	others						
Family Circumstances								
First Offense								tion in
Prior diversion or referee				-34				
Number of Prior Diversion	ons:							
Number Successful:								
Charge(s)								
Number of Prior Delinqu (Non-VOP):	ency Adjudications							
Most Serious Prior Adjud	dication (charge, degree, s	statute)						
Date of Last Disposition	<u> </u>							
Open or Pending Charge	S				W.	N 10 10	0 2.0	
Last Disposition Type:				W==			<u> </u>	
☐ Diversion (FCIU, JCC	S. ISC)   Adjudication							
Input of victim or arresting								
Amenability to remedial								
Probation or Deferred sta			1					
Dual status (open FN)								
	To Be Comp	leted	by Cou	ırt Intake Scr	reening St	aff		<b>《</b>
Date complaint received	by the Family Division:	Initia	ls:	Date complaint	docketed by	the Family	Division:	Initials:
Date recommendation an	d file forwarded to the Ju	dge:	Initials	Name of Office	r Screening	Complaint:		
Was Youth in Detention ☐ Yes ☐ No	at Time of Screening	If No	ot Diverte	ed (FCIU, JCC, I	SC), Why N	ot?	- 0.018	
	Juvenile Unit (Family Co	urt):	Divert: [	FCIU DJC	C 🗆 ISC			
			☐ Refer		☐ Transfer	1		

To Be Compl	eted by Juvenile Prosecutor Team				
Date complaint received by the Prosecutor's Office:					
Date screened:					
Date complaint/recommendation forwarded to the Family Division					
Recommendation of the Assistant Prosecutor	Divert: □ FCIU □ JCC □ ISC □ Referee □ Court □ Transfer □ □ Dismissal □ Should be Stationhouse Adjustment  Prosecutor Consent to Court Intake Diversion Recommendat □ Yes □ No (hearing requested) □ N/A				
To Be Completed I	by Juvenile Judge If There Is a Conflict	ve at Marie			
Recommendation of the Assistant Prosecutor	Divert: ☐ FCIU ☐ JCC ☐ ISC ☐ Referee ☐ Court ☐ Transfer				
Hearing Required with notice to all parties?  ☐ Yes ☐ No Date of Hearing:					

Judge's Signature

Date

Published: 08/2021, CN: 12833

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rule 5:20-1(c) states:

Court Intake Services Referral. Every complaint alleging juvenile delinquency shall be reviewed by court intake services in the manner provided by law for recommendation as to whether the complaint should be dismissed, diverted or referred for further court action. Where the complaint alleges conduct which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime as defined by N.J.S. 2C:1-4a or a repetitive disorderly persons offense as defined by N.J.S. 2A:4A-22(h), or any disorderly persons offense as defined in chapter 35 or chapter 36 of Title 2C, the matter shall not be diverted by the court unless the prosecutor consents thereto. Nothing in this rule precludes the court from diverting any complaint pursuant to N.J.S. 2A:4A-73(a) after a hearing wherein all parties have an opportunity to be heard.