

## Wage Execution

Superior Court of New Jersey  
Law Division, Special Civil Part  
\_\_\_\_\_ County

Order and Execution Against Earnings  
Pursuant to 15 *U.S.C.* 1673 and  
*N.J.S.A.* 2A:17-56

Email Address \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number \_\_\_\_\_

Docket Number \_\_\_\_\_

Judgment Number \_\_\_\_\_

Writ Number \_\_\_\_\_ Issued \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Plaintiff

vs

Name and Address of Employer Ordered to  
Make Deductions

\_\_\_\_\_  
Designated Defendant  
(Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Unless the designated defendant is currently subject to withholding under another wage execution, the employer is ordered to deduct from the earnings which the designated defendant receives and to pay over to the court officer named below, the lesser of the following: (a) 10% of the gross weekly pay; or (b) 25% of disposable earnings for that week; or (c) the amount, if any, by which the designated defendant's disposable weekly earnings exceed \$217.50 per week, until the total amount due has been deducted or the complete termination of employment. Upon either of these events, an immediate accounting is to be made to the court officer. Disposable earnings are defined as that portion of the earnings remaining after the deduction from gross earnings of any amounts required by law to be withheld. In the event the disposable earnings so defined are \$217.50 or less, if paid weekly, or \$435.00 or less, if paid every two weeks, or \$471.25 or less, if paid twice per month, or \$942.50, or less, if paid monthly then no amount shall be withheld under this execution. In no event shall more than 10% of gross salary be withheld and only one execution against the wages of the designated defendant shall be satisfied at a time. Please refer to the section of this form titled "How to Calculate Proper Garnishment Amount".

The employer shall immediately give the designated defendant a copy of this order. The designated defendant may object to the wage execution or apply for a reduction in the amount withheld at any time. To object or apply for a reduction, a written statement of the objection or reasons for a reduction must be filed with the Clerk of the Court and a copy must be sent to the creditor's attorney or directly to the creditor if there is no attorney. A hearing will be held within 7 days after filing the objection or application for a reduction. According to law, no employer may terminate an employee because of a garnishment.

Judgment Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Judgment Award \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Court Costs & Stat Atty. Fees \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Total Judgment Amount \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Interest from Prior Writs \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Costs from Prior Writs \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subtotal A \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Credits from Prior Writs \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subtotal B \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 New Miscellaneous Costs \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 New Interest on this Writ \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 New Credits on this Writ \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Execution and Service Fees \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Subtotal C \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Court Officer Fee \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
 Total due this date \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Plaintiff's Attorney and Address:  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Judge

Michelle M. Smith  
 Clerk of the Superior Court

Make payments at least monthly to Court  
 Officer as set forth:

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Court Officer

I RETURN this execution to the Court

- Unsatisfied
- Satisfied
- Partly Satisfied

Amount Collected \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Fee Deducted \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Amount Due to Attorney \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
 Court Officer

## How to Calculate Proper Garnishment Amount

1. Gross pay per pay period	\$
2. Less amounts legally required to be deducted:	
a. Federal Income Tax	\$
b. Social Security (FICA or OASDI)	\$
c. Medicare	\$
d. State Income Tax	\$
e. Unemployment Insurance (SUI)	\$
f. Temporary Disability Insurance (TDI)	\$
g. Family Leave Insurance (FLI)	\$
h. Workforce Development Fund/Supplement Workforce (WFD/SWF)	\$
i. Other	\$
3. Total allowable deductions (add lines a - i)	\$
4. Net pay (Subtract line 3 from line 1)	\$
5. <b>Exemption Amount</b>	
<b>If salary is paid:</b>	<b>Subtract</b>
Weekly	\$217.50
Every two weeks	\$435.00
Twice per month	\$471.25
Monthly	\$942.50
(Federal law prohibits any garnishment when net pay is smaller than the exemption amount on line 5)	
6. Equals the amount potentially subject to garnishment (subtract line 5 from line 4 and if less than zero, enter zero)	= _____
7. Take net pay (line 4) and multiply by .25	\$ _____ x .25 = _____
8. Take "gross pay" (line 1) and multiply by .10	\$ _____ x .10 = _____
9. Compare lines 6, 7 and 8 - the amount which may lawfully be deducted is the smallest amount on line 6, line 7, or line 8.	\$

Source: 15 U.S.C. 1671 *et seq.*; 29 C.F.R. 870; *N.J.S.A.* 2A:17- 50 *et seq.*

Note: Former Appendix XI-I adopted effective January 2, 1989; amended June 29, 1990, effective September 4, 1990; amended July 14, 1992, effective September 1, 1992; redesignated as Appendix XI-J and amended July 13, 1994, effective September 1, 1994; amended September 27, 1996, effective October 1, 1996; amended July 30, 1997, effective September 1, 1997; amended July 28, 2004 to be effective September 1, 2004; amended July 3, 2007, to be effective July 24, 2007; amended July 2, 2008, to be effective July 24, 2008; amended July 9, 2009 to be effective July 24, 2009; amended November 6, 2013 to be effective November 25, 2013; amended July 22, 2014 to be effective September 1, 2014; amended August 1, 2016 to be effective September 1, 2016; amended March 7, 2017 to be effective immediately, amended July 31, 2020 effective September 1, 2020; amended September 30, 2020 effective retroactive to September 1, 2020; amended July 1, 2022 effective retroactive August 4, 2021.